

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## **Smart Glass**

According to the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practise, 2021.

SECTION 1: Identification: Product identifier and chemical identity			
Product identifier			
Product name	Smart Glass		
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Application	Car maintenance product. Window glass cleaner.		
Uses advised against	For professional use only. This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other than the Identified uses above.		
Details of the supplier of the sa	Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Supplier	Autosmart Australia 11 Darrambal Close Rathmines NSW 2283 Australia www.autosmartaustralia.com.au Tel: 02 49 75 14 88 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST) (General Information. Transport Information. Mild Medical Information) autosmart@autosmartaustralia.com.au		
Contact Person	Mr. Russell Butler		
Emergency telephone number			
Emergency telephone	NCEC - For Chemical Emergency Support ONLY (spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident), Call NCEC at 18000 74234 (toll free 24Hrs) - when calling please quote "AUTOSMART 29003- NCEC" Local number +61 2 8 014 4558 General Information. Transport Information. Mild medical Information:- Tel: 02 49 75 14 88 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST)		
National emergency telephone number SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identifi	Poison Information Hotline: 13 11 26		

# SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture		
Physical hazards	Not Classified	
Health hazards	Not Classified	
Environmental hazards	Not Classified	
Label elements		
Hazard statements	NC Not Classified	

Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves.</li> <li>P261 Avoid breathing spray.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label information	For professional users only.

## Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic) or vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

## SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients

# Mixtures 2-BUTOXYETHANOL 5<10%</td> CAS number: 111-76-2 Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit.

#### Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319

## ETHANOL

CAS number: 64-17-5

Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit.

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

## BUTANONE

CAS number: 78-93-3

Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit.

#### Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 3<5%

## 0.5<0.7% Isopropyl alcohol CAS number: 67-63-0 Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit. Classification Flam. Lig. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16. **SECTION 4: First aid measures** Description of first aid measures General information Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water Ingestion or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Skin Contact Remove affected person from source of contamination. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide Eye contact apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Inhalation Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system. Ingestion Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation. Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin. Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically. Specific treatments No special treatment required. SECTION 5: Firefighting measures Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Special hazards arising from the	ne substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.
Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to Australia/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 4967 (for clothing) AS/NZS 1801 (for helmets), AS/NZS 4821 (for protective boots), AS/NZS 1801 (for protective gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e measures
Personal precautions, protection	ve equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for conta	ainment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
Reference to other sections	
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8.
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage, including how the chemical may be safely used

## Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Store in accordance with local regulations.	
Storage class	Chemical storage.	
Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.	
SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection		

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

## 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 20 ppm 96.9 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): 50 ppm 242 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

## **ETHANOL**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 1000 ppm 1880 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

## BUTANONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): NOHSC 150 ppm 445 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): NOHSC 300 ppm 890 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

## Isopropyl alcohol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 400 ppm 983 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): 500 ppm 1230 mg/m<sup>3</sup> NOHSC = The National Occupational Health and Safety Commission. Sk = Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

#### Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Eye/face protection

Provide adequate ventilation. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337. The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended. The choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Gloves made from the following material may provide suitable chemical protection: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: >0.2mm The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 0.5 hours. Glove thickness is not necessarily a good measure of glove resistance as the permeation rate will depend on the exact glove composition. Repeated exposure to chemicals will degrade the ability of the glove to provide resistance to chemicals. Specific work environments and material handling practices may vary, therefore safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Use thin cotton gloves inside natural rubber gloves if there is an allergy risk to natural rubber.	
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.	
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.	
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Provide adequate ventilation. Large Spillages: If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.	
Environmental exposure controls	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment.	
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties		
Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Liquid.	

Appearance	Liquid.	
Colour	Light blue.	
Odour	Characteristic.	
рН	Not applicable.	
Melting point	<0°C	
Initial boiling point and range	~100°C	
Flash point	No information available.	
Other flammability	This product does not sustain combustion, according to the sustained combustibility test L.2, Part III, section 32 of the UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria.	
Viscosity	~1 cSt @ 20°C	
Comments	Information declared as "Not available" or "Not applicable" is not considered to be relevant to the implementation of the proper control measures.	

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 12 %.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.	
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.	
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.	
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological int	formation	
Information on toxicological eff	fects	
Toxicological effects	Not regarded as a health hazard under current legislation.	
Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	21,079.94	
Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	17,836.87	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	178.37	
Skin corrosion/irritation Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Respiratory sensitisation Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.	

Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
General information	No specific health hazards known. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
Ingestion	Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.
Skin Contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target Organs	No specific target organs known.
	н <i>с</i>

# Toxicological information on ingredients.

## 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	1,300.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	1,300.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,270.0
Species	Rat
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1,100.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	11.0
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

Genotoxicity - in vitro	Gene mutation:: Negative. This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.
Carcinogenicity	
IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Fertility: - NOAEL 720 mg/kg, , Mouse
Reproductive toxicity - development	Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: 100 mg/kg, , Rat
	ETHANOL
Carcinogenicity	
IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 1 Carcinogenic to humans.
	Isopropyl alcohol
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,840.0
Species	Rat
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	16.4
Species	Rabbit
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritati	on
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

# **Smart Glass**

	IARC carcinogenicity	IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
	Reproductive toxicity	
	Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
	Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
	Specific target organ toxici	ty - single exposure
	STOT - single exposure	STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	Target organs	Central nervous system
	Specific target organ toxici	ty - repeated exposure
	STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
	Aspiration hazard	
	Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.
	General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
	Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.
	Ingestion	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Confusion, agitation and/or excitation. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication. Unconsciousness.
	Skin Contact	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Temporary irritation. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
	Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.
	Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
	Target Organs	Central nervous system
<b>SECTION 1</b>	2: Ecological information	
Ecotoxicity	•	arded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have us effects on the environment.
Ecological information on ingredients.		
		Isopropyl alcohol
	Ecotoxicity	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.
Toxicity	Based o	n available data the classification criteria are not met.
Ecological in	nformation on ingredients.	

## 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

	Acute aquatic toxicity	
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, 96 hours: > 100 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 1550 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, >: > 100 mg/l,
	Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, >: > 1000 mg/l,
	Chronic aquatic toxicity	
	Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	NOEC, 21 days: > 100 mg/l,
	Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	NOEC, 21 days: 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Isopropyl alcohol	
	Toxicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
	Acute aquatic toxicity	
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, 96 hours: ~ 9640 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, >: > 1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 72 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus
	Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, >: > 1000 mg/l, Activated sludge
Persistence	and degradability	
Persistence	and degradability The deg	radability of the product is not known.
Ecological in	nformation on ingredients.	
		2-BUTOXYETHANOL
	Persistence and degradability	The product is biodegradable.
	Biodegradation	Water - Degradation (%) 90.4: 28 days
		Isopropyl alcohol
	Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.
	Biodegradation	Degradation (%) - 95: 21 days
	Biological oxygen demand	~ 1171 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
	Chemical oxygen demand	∼ 2294 g O₂/g substance
Bioaccumulative potential		

Revision date: 23/05/2022

# Smart Glass

No data available on bioaccumulation. **Bioaccumulative Potential** 

Ecological information on ingredients.

#### 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

<b>Bioaccumulative Potential</b>	The product is not bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient : 0.81

#### Isopropyl alcohol

<b>Bioaccumulative Potential</b>	No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 0.05

## Mobility in soil

Mobility

The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems. The product is non-volatile.

Ecological information on ingredients.

## 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.			
Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Water - Koc: ~ 67 @ °C			
Henry's law constant	0.000016 atm m3/mol @ °C			
Surface tension	65 mN/m @ °C			
Isopropyl alcohol				
Mobility	The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems. Volatile liquid. The product contains organic solvents which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.			
Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Water - Koc: ~ 1.1 @ °C			
Henry's law constant	0.00000338 atm m3/mol @ 25°C			
Other adverse effects				
Other adverse effects None known.				
Ecological information on ingredients.				
Isopropyl alcohol				
Other adverse effects	None known.			
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations				
Waste treatment methods				

## Waste tre

**General information** 

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements.

Disposal methods Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be collected for reuse or recycling. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of the local water authority.

#### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### General

The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADG).

#### **UN number**

Not applicable.

## UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

#### Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

#### **Transport labels**

No transport warning sign required.

## Packing group

Not applicable.

#### Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

#### Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

## Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	The Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP). National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets. Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances. Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment. Guidance Note on the Interpretation of Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment. National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Workplace Substances. National Model Regulations for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Substances. National Code of Practice for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Substances. National Code of Practice for the Storage and Handling of Workplace Dangerous Goods. National Code of Practice for the Storage and Handling of Workplace Dangerous Goods. Substances Note for Placarding Stores for Dangerous Goods and Specified Hazardous Substances. Guidance Note for the Assessment of Health Risks Arising from Hazardous Substances in the Workplace.
	Substances in the Workplace. National Standard for the Control of Major Hazard Facilities. National Code of Practice for the Control of Major Hazard Facilities.

Schedule (SUSMP) No Poison Schedule number allocated

#### Inventories

Australia - AIIC

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Any other relevant information		
General information	This product has been manufactured under ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 Quality and Environmental Management Systems.	
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.	
Revision comments	NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.	
Issued by	Prepared by Autosmart International Ltd, Lynn Lane, Shenstone, Lichfield, Staffordshire, WS14 0DH, Great Britain. www.autosmartinternational.com rbutler@autosmart.co.uk Tel +44 (0)1543 481616	
Revision date	23/05/2022	
Revision	5	
Supersedes date	20/05/2021	
SDS No.	21169	
SDS status	Approved.	
Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H302 Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H312 Harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H332 Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>	

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.